

#### Title:

The Fire Resistance Performance Of Six Specimens Of Electrical Sockets And Sealing Systems, Utilising The General Principles Of BS EN 1364-1: 1999 In Conjunction With Additional Guidelines From BS EN 1366-3: 2004

#### **WF Report No:**

182824



#### Prepared for:

#### **Fischer Fixings UK Ltd**

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England

#### Date:

29<sup>th</sup> April 2009

#### **Notified Body No:**

0833





### **Summary**

#### **Objective**

To evaluate the ability of six specimens of electrical sockets and sealing systems to reinstate the integrity and insulation performance of a drywall construction, when tested utilising the general principles of BS EN 1364-1: 1999 in conjunction with additional guidelines from BS EN 1366-3: 2004.

#### **Test Sponsor**

**Fischer Fixings UK Ltd,** Whitely Road, Hithercroft Industrial Estate, Wallingford, Oxfordshire, OX10 9AT,England.

The specimens were referenced 'A/E, B/F, C, D, G and H', for the purposes of the test.

The assembly comprised a drywall construction of overall dimensions 3050 mm wide by 3035 mm high by 100 mm thick, constructed utilising the material specification given in BS EN 1366-3: 2004. The wall incorporated six specimens comprising a range of electrical sockets. Further details are provided in the Test Specimen, Figures 1 to 3.

#### **Test results**

Specimen	Cotton pad	Sustained flaming	Insulation
A/E	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
B/F	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
С	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
D	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
G	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
Н	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*

<sup>\*</sup> The test duration. The test was discontinued after a period of 126 minutes.

#### Date of Test

17<sup>th</sup> March 2009

Note: This report is additional to that issued as WF Test Report No. 181205. The original report remains valid and is not replaced by this additional test report.

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\* For and on behalf of Bodycote warringtonfire.

Report Issued

Date: 29<sup>th</sup> April 2009

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### **Test Procedure**

#### Introduction

Partition walls often incorporate apertures to allow the installation of electrical sockets. The fire resistance of such elements is only as good as their weakest point and it is, therefore, important that any such installations are adequately sealed, such that weaknesses are not created at these positions.

The specimens were tested utilising the general principles given in BS EN 1364-1:1999, in conjunction with additional guidelines from BS EN 1366-3: 2004 for penetration sealing systems. This report should be read in conjunction with the above mentioned documents.

The specimens were judged on their ability to comply with the performance criteria for integrity and insulation, as required by BS EN 1364-1: 1999 and BS EN 1366-3: 2004.

## Fire Test Study Group/EGOLF

Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions, which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories, which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.

### Instruction to test

The test was conducted on the 17<sup>th</sup> March 2009 at the request of Fischer Fixings UK Ltd, the sponsor of the test.

### **Test Specimen Construction**

A comprehensive description of the test construction is given in the Schedule of Components. The description is based on a detailed survey of the specimens and information supplied by the sponsor of the test.

#### Installation

The assembly was constructed by representatives of the test sponsor on the 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> March 2009.

#### Sampling

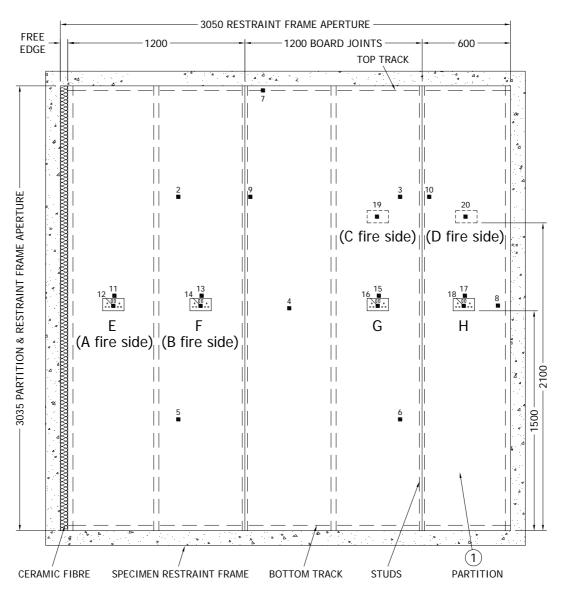
Bodycote **warringtonfire** was not involved in any selection or sampling procedures of the specimens or any of the components.





## **Test Specimen**

Figure 1- General elevation of the unexposed face of the partition and electrical sockets



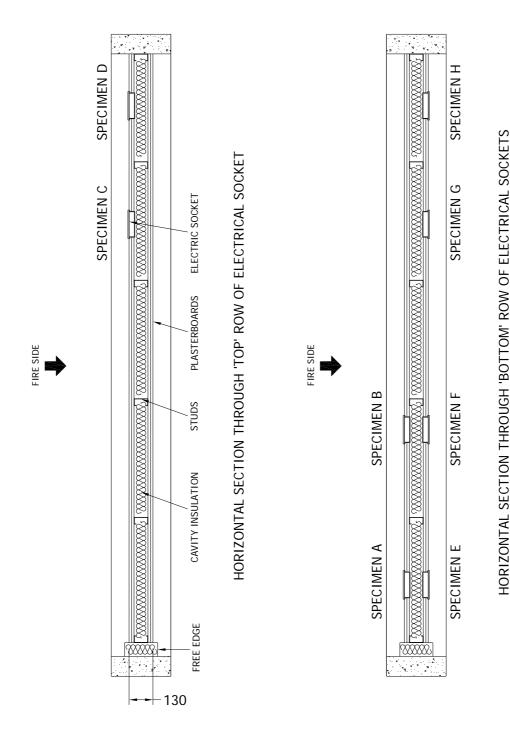
■ POSITIONS OF UNEXPOSED FACE THERMOCOUPLES.

Do not scale. All dimensions are in mm





Figure 2 – Horizontal sections through the partition showing the electrical socket positions

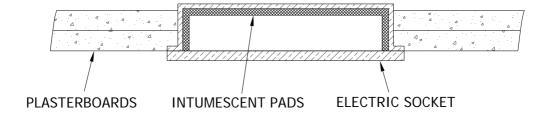


Do not scale. All dimensions are in mm

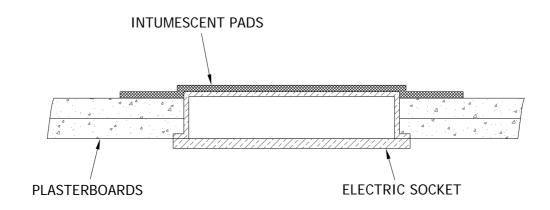




Figure 3 – Sections through the electrical sockets showing the positions of the putty pads



POSITION OF INTUMESCENT PADS TO SPECIMENS : B, D, E, G



POSITION OF INTUMESCENT PADS TO SPECIMENS : A, C, F, H

Do not scale. All dimensions are in mm





#### Schedule of Components

(Refer to Figures 1 to 3)

(All values are nominal unless stated otherwise) (All other details are as stated by the sponsor)

<u>Item</u> <u>Description</u>

1. Partition / drywall construction

General description : The test assembly consisted of a gypsum plasterboard

wall assembly with an insulated cavity

Overall size and thickness : 3035 mm high by 3000 mm wide by 130 mm thick
Relevant requirements : The construction of the wall was in accordance with EN

1363-1:1999

Manufacturers

i. steel frameworkii. plasterboardsiii. cavity insulationiii. British Gypsumiii. Rockwool

iv. mastic : Fischer Fixings UK Ltd

Materials

i. top and bottom track, studs : Galvanised mild steel

ii. plasterboards : Gypsum based plasterboards, to F-EN520 iii. cavity insulation : Rockwool mineral wool based slabs

iv. mastic : Intumescent acrylic sealant

References

i. top & bottom track : 72 C 50 ii. studs : 72 S 50

iii. cavity insulation : Rockwool slabs (69 kg/m³ recorded density) iv. plasterboards : Gyproc Fireline board (836 kg/m³ recorded density) v. mastic : Fischer FiAM 310 intumescent acoustic mastic

**Thickness** 

i. top & bottom trackii. studsiii. cavity insulationiii. cavity insulationiii. cavity insulationiii. cavity insulation

iv. plasterboardsv. mastic15 mm x 2 layersNot applicable

Overall sizes

i. top & bottom track
 ii. studs
 iii. cavity insulation
 iii. cavity insulation

iv. plasterboards : 1200 mm wide x 2400 mm high for uncut boards

v. mastic : Not applicable

Fixing methods

i. top & bottom track : The channels were fixed with steel screws and plugs to

the concrete lining of the specimen restraint frame. The

screws were fitted centrally between each stud





ii. studs The studs were positioned at 600 mm nominal centres

> and were friction fitted into the channels, allowing approximately 20 mm at the head for expansion during

the heating conditions of the test

iii. cavity insulation The insulation was friction fitted between the studs

iv. plasterboards Two layers of boards were fixed to each face of the

partition with steel drywall screws 3.5 mm diameter x 25 mm and 42 mm long respectively for the inner and outer layer of boards at 300 mm nominal centres. All board joints were staggered with respect to the adjacent board layer and the boards on the opposite face of the partition. The outer board joints were

finished with tape and plaster scrim

The mastic was applied around the perimeter edges of v. mastic

the assembled partition

2. Electrical double gang sockets

Back box - standard dry lining electrical box, 13 A, 2 Type

Cover plate - switched moulded socket outlet to BS

1363

Material Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)

Overall sizes

132 mm x 73 mm i. back box ii. cover plate 145 mm x 85 mm

The back boxes were fitted into apertures cut into the Fixing

plasterboards and fixed with two steel screws. The apertures were central between the studs and at a minimum distance of 250 mm from the perimeter edges of the partition. The cover plates were fixed with steel

screws onto the back boxes

**Positions** Specimen A was fitted opposite to Specimen E

> Specimen B was fitted opposite to Specimen F Specimen C was fitted staggered to Specimen G Specimen D was fitted staggered to Specimen H

3. Putty pads 'new build' fitted onto the back face of the sockets -Unexposed face specimens F, H Exposed face specimens A, C

Manufacturer Fischer Fixings UK Ltd

FiPP (Fischer intumescent Putty Pads) Reference

Intumescent non-setting mouldable putty pads Material 210 mm wide x 180 mm high x 3 mm thick Sizes Fitted over the back box and overlapping the Fixing plasterboards during assembly of the partition

Shape of pads Rectangle





4. Putty pads 'retro' fitted into the sockets –

Unexposed face specimens E, G Exposed face specimens B, D

Manufacturer : Fischer Fixings UK Ltd

Reference : FiPP (Fischer intumescent Putty Pads)

Material : Intumescent non-setting mouldable putty pads Sizes : 230 mm wide x 170 mm high x 3 mm thick

Fixing : Inserted into the back boxes after they were fitted into

the assembled partition

Shape of pads : Cross





### Instrumentation

General The instrumentation was provided in accordance with the requirements of the

Standard.

Furnace The furnace was controlled so that its mean temperature complied with the

requirements of BS EN 1363-1: 1999 Clause 5.1 using nine plate thermometers,

distributed over a plane 100 mm from the surface of the test construction.

General Thermocouples were provided to monitor the unexposed surface of the

specimens. The output of all instrumentation was recorded at no less than one

minute intervals.

The locations and reference numbers of the various unexposed surface

thermocouples are shown in Figure 1.

Roving Thermocouple A roving thermocouple was available to measure temperatures on the unexposed surfaces of the specimens at any position, which might appear to be hotter than

the temperatures indicated by the fixed thermocouples.

**Integrity criteria** Cotton pads were available to evaluate the integrity of the specimens.

Furnace Pressure The furnace atmospheric pressure was controlled so that it complied with the

requirements of BS EN 1363-1: 1999, Clause 5.2.





## **Test Observations**

Tin	ne	All observations are from the unexposed face unless noted otherwise.
mins	secs	The ambient air temperature in the vicinity of the test construction was 13°C at the start of the test with a maximum variation of 1°C during the test.
00	00	The test commences.
02	21	The exposed faces of the partition and socket covers have blackened.
09	17	The exposed socket covers have cracked and the paperface of the plasterboard chars and starts to peel away.
13	37	All the exposed socket covers are still in pace some flaming is visible around specimens B and D.
21	00	Viewed from the exposed side, A gap starts to form along the top edges of specimens A and C as the socket covers slump down. The socket covers of specimens C & D are being pushed out as the intumescent reacts.
23	29	The exposed socket cover of Specimen C has fallen away; flaming can be seen from the aperture.
30	00	All the exposed socket covers have fallen away; intumescent material can be seen to have filled the voids of specimens B and D.
37	01	Viewed from the exposed side flaming is visible from specimens D and B.
40	00	Viewed from the exposed side, intumescent material is visible in the void of Specimen C, however there doesn't appear to be any material in the void of Specimen A.
43	00	The joints in the outer exposed plasterboard layer start to open up approx 10-20mm. The partition glows orange.
48	00	No significant visual change to the unexposed face.
51	00	Intumescent material has filled B & D but some dark voids are visible, flaming is visible from both sockets.
67	14	Flaming is still visible on the exposed face from specimens B and D; the outer layer of exposed plasterboard is still in place.
67	26	The patrician starts to bow in across its horizontal axis at mid height. Steam/smoke release is visible at the head of the partition just to the left of mid-span.
72	30	The outer layer of exposed plasterboard starts to come away on its vertical joints where the board has shrunk past the screw fixings.
74	00	Flaming is visible on the exposed face from specimens A and C.





mins	secs	
80	00	The outer layer of exposed plasterboard is still in place, it's peeling open and bulging out as it starts to fall away.
91	00	The outer layer of exposed plasterboard has fallen away on the right hand side; some sections still remain attached on the left hand side. On the right hand side the rock wool core is also visible where the inner layer of plasterboard has also come away in places.
94	00	Moisture runs from the bottom right hand corner of Specimen F.
96	31	Viewed from the exposed side, both layer of plasterboard have fallen away at the centre of the partition, the rock wool cone is visible. Plasterboard remains attached on the left hand side and at the right hand perimeter.
100	00	Slight smoke release visible from the top edge of Specimen F.
103	00	The central section of exposed rockwool core falls away.
105	00	Smoke release starts to increase slightly from the top edge of Specimen F.
112	00	The top edge of socket cover on Specimen F is slumping away from the plasterboard very slightly.
113	00	Slight smoke release now also visible from Specimen H.
119	30	A cotton pad is applied to Specimen F where smoke release has increases over the top edge; the cotton pad fails to ignite.
120	00	The assembly continues to satisfy the test criteria.
123	11	A gap is now visible at the top edge of Specimen F where the socket cover has slumped forward; the plasterboard discolours around the top half of the socket.
126	06	A cotton pad is applied to Specimen F over the top edge; the cotton pad discolours but fails to ignite.
126	57	The test is discontinued at the sponsors' request.



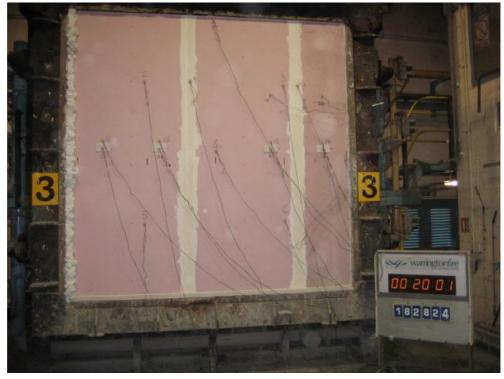


## **Test Photographs**

The exposed face of the specimens prior to testing



The unexposed face of the specimens after 20 minutes of testing







The unexposed face of the specimens after 30 minutes of the test



The unexposed face of the specimens after 40 minutes of the test





The unexposed face of the specimens after 50 minutes of the test

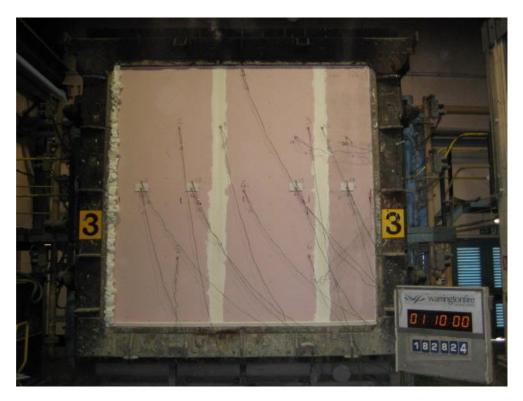


The unexposed face of the specimens after 60 minutes of the test





The unexposed face of the specimens after 70 minutes of the test



The unexposed face of the specimens after 90minutes of the test





The unexposed face of the specimens after 100 minutes of the test



The unexposed face of the specimens after 111 minutes of the test





The unexposed face of the specimens after 127 minutes of the test



The exposed face of the specimens shortly after testing





## **Temperature Data**

Mean Furnace Temperature, Together With The Temperature/Time Relationship Specified In The Standard

Time	Specified	Actual	
	Furnace	Furnace	
Mins	Temperature	Temperature	
	Deg. C	Deg. C	
0	20	20	
5	576	575	
10	678	681	
15	739	746	
20	781	780	
25	815	818	
30	842	852	
35	865	874	
40	885	892	
45	902	908	
50	918	924	
55	932	939	
60	945	953	
65	957	967	
70	968	981	
75	979	993	
80	988	997	
85	998	1006	
90	1006	1020	
95	1014	1019	
100	1022	1037	
105	1029	1027	
110	1036	1024	
115	1043	1048	
120	1049	1063	
125	1055	1071	
126	1056	1072	





### Individual and Mean Temperatures Recorded On The Unexposed Surface Of The Partition

Time	T/C	T/C	T/C	T/C	T/C	Mean
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Temp.
Mins	2	3	4	5	6	
	Deg. C					
0	16	16	16	16	16	16
5	16	16	16	16	16	16
10	16	16	16	16	16	16
15	16	16	16	16	16	16
20	16	18	16	17	17	17
25	19	27	18	19	19	20
30	23	36	21	22	22	25
35	28	43	26	27	27	30
40	34	47	31	32	32	35
45	39	49	37	38	38	40
50	44	52	42	42	43	45
55	48	53	46	47	48	48
60	51	54	49	50	52	51
65	51	53	50	50	53	51
70	49	51	48	48	52	50
75	47	48	46	46	49	47
80	45	46	45	45	47	46
85	44	45	44	44	46	45
90	45	46	44	45	47	45
95	48	49	46	48	50	48
100	52	52	50	52	54	52
105	62	57	68	63	66	63
110	72	69	81	73	83	76
115	75	76	80	77	82	78
120	75	78	88	80	87	82
125	76	79	91	79	90	83
126	78	79	91	79	91	84





### Individual Temperatures Recorded On The Unexposed Surface Of The Partition

Time	T/C	T/C	T/C	T/C	T/C	T/C
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Mins	7	8	9	10	19	20
	Deg. C					
0	16	16	17	17	14	13
5	17	16	17	17	14	13
10	22	16	17	17	14	14
15	27	17	21	19	14	19
20	33	18	30	27	14	37
25	39	21	42	38	17	50
30	44	25	49	46	21	54
35	48	29	52	51	24	53
40	52	33	54	53	28	51
45	56	36	53	53	32	50
50	58	40	53	53	36	49
55	59	43	52	54	39	49
60	60	45	53	54	42	49
65	58	46	53	54	44	49
70	55	46	53	54	45	47
75	55	46	53	55	45	46
80	55	46	55	57	46	45
85	56	46	57	60	48	46
90	57	48	60	63	51	48
95	60	51	64	66	54	52
100	63	53	72	70	56	55
105	68	55	77	75	66	60
110	75	58	78	81	74	71
115	76	62	80	85	76	74
120	77	68	81	87	75	74
125	78	74	84	91	78	77
126	79	74	84	91	79	79





### Individual Temperatures Recorded On The Unexposed Surface Of Specimen A/E

Time	T/C	T/C	
	Number	Number	
Mins	11	12	
	Deg. C	Deg. C	
0	18	18	
5	18	18	
10	18	17	
15	18	18	
20	18	18	
25	19	18	
30	22	19	
35	26	22	
40	31	26	
45	37	29	
50	41	32	
55	44	35	
60	47	38	
65	48	39	
70	48	40	
75	48	41	
80	47	41	
85	47	42	
90	48	43	
95	51	45	
100	54	46	
105	59	49	
110	70	55	
115	75	57	
120	77	58	
125	78	60	
126	79	61	





### Individual Temperatures Recorded On The Unexposed Surface Of Specimen B/F

Time	T/C	T/C	
	Number	Number	
Mins	13	14	
	Deg. C	Deg. C	
0	18	18	
5	18	18	
10	18	18	
15	20	20	
20	29	24	
25	39	28	
30	43	32	
35	45	35	
40	46	38	
45	47	40	
50	48	42	
55	50	44	
60	51	46	
65	51	49	
70	50	50	
75	48	48	
80	46	46	
85	46	45	
90	46	46	
95	50	51	
100	60	70	
105	74	82	
110	81	85	
115	78	81	
120	82	82	
125	130	142	
126	157	154	





### Individual Temperatures Recorded On The Unexposed Surface Of Specimen G

Time	T/C	T/C
	Number	Number
Mins	15	16
	Deg. C	Deg. C
0	14	14
5	14	14
10	14	14
15	14	14
20	14	14
25	17	15
30	20	16
35	25	19
40	30	22
45	35	25
50	40	28
55	44	30
60	46	33
65	46	34
70	44	34
75	42	34
80	41	34
85	41	34
90	42	35
95	46	36
100	49	38
105	60	42
110	71	49
115	72	55
120	74	60
125	75	63
126	75	63





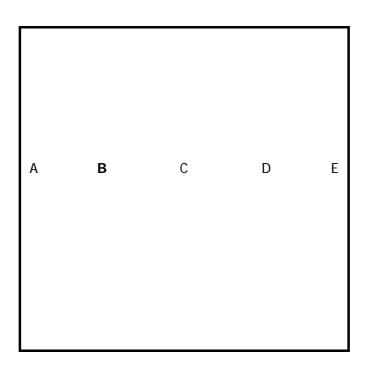
### Individual Temperatures Recorded On The Unexposed Surface Of Specimen H

Time	T/C	T/C	
	Number	Number	
Mins	17	18	
	Deg. C	Deg. C	
0	14	14	
5	14	14	
10	14	13	
15	14	13	
20	14	14	
25	15	15	
30	17	16	
35	20	19	
40	25	22	
45	28	25	
50	32	29	
55	35	32	
60	37	35	
65	38	36	
70	39	37	
75	38	37	
80	38	36	
85	37	36	
90	37	35	
95	37	36	
100	39	38	
105	42	44	
110	52	66	
115	66	77	
120	78	79	
125	79	79	
126	77	79	





# Recorded Deflections of the Partition during the test <u>Annex B (continued)</u>



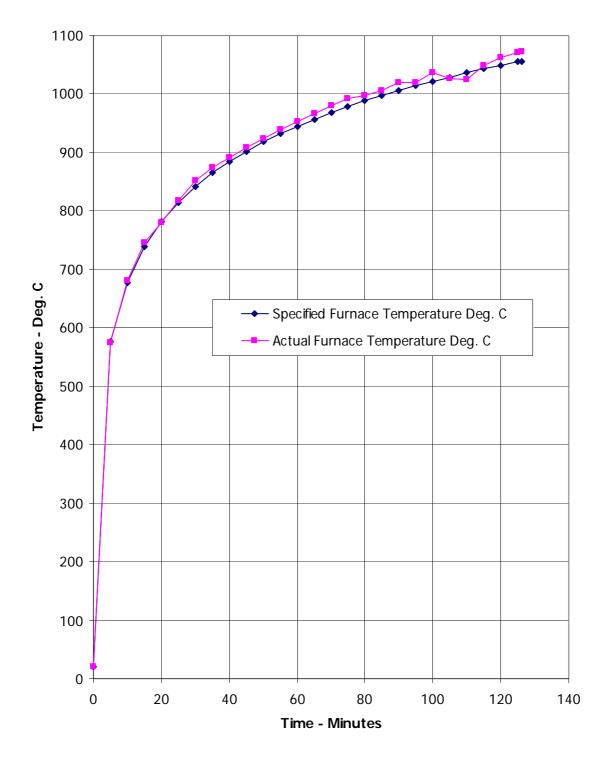
TIME mins	Α	В	С	D	E
0	0	0	0	0	0
10	2	8	10	5	0
20	2	8	8	4	0
30	3	6	5	3	0
40	3	3	5	2	0
50	2	4	7	2	0
60	3	5	12	9	0
75	0	6	11	7	-1
90	2	8	13	6	-2
105	-2	0	10	5	-5
120	-7	-19	-10	-20	-15

Positive values indicate deflection towards the heating conditions





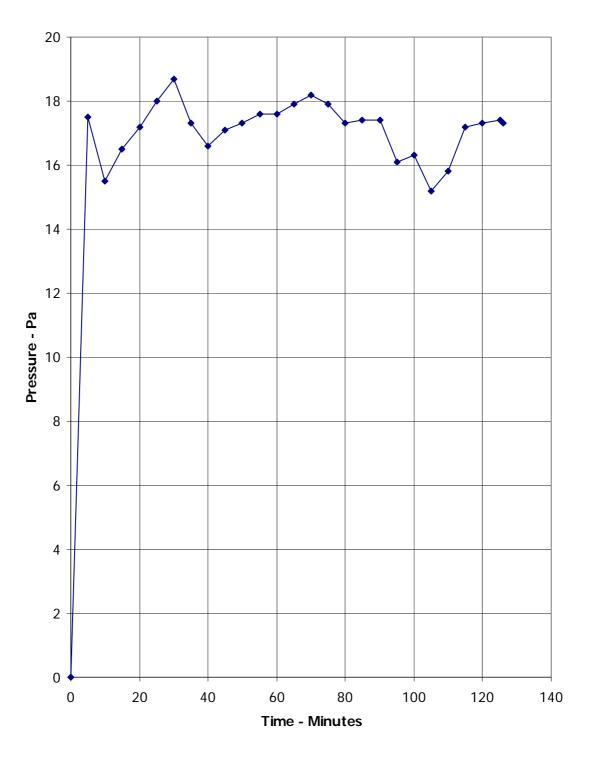
## Graph Showing Mean Furnace Temperature, Together With The Temperature/Time Relationship Specified In The Standard







## Graph Showing Recorded Furnace Pressure At 300 mm Below The Top Of The Partition Construction







### **Performance Criteria and Test Results**

### Integrity Performance

It is required that the specimens retain their separating function, without either causing ignition of a cotton pad when applied as specified in BS EN 1363-1:1999, or resulting in sustained flaming on the unexposed surface. **These requirements were satisfied for the periods shown below:** 

Specimen	Cotton pad	Sustained flaming	
A/E	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	
B/F	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	
С	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	
D	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	
G	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	
Н	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	

<sup>\*</sup> The test duration. The test was discontinued after a period of 126 minutes.

## Insulation performance

The requirements of the standard are that the maximum temperature rise shall not be greater than 180°C. Insulation failure also occurs simultaneously with integrity failure as specified in BS EN 1363-1:1999. **These requirements were satisfied for the periods shown below:** 

Specimen	Insulation	
A/E	126 minutes*	
B/F	126 minutes*	
С	126 minutes*	
D	126 minutes*	
G	126 minutes*	
Н	126 minutes*	

### **Ongoing Implications**

#### Limitations

This report details the method of construction, the test conditions and the results obtained when the specific element of construction described herein was tested following the procedure outlined in BS EN 1364-1: 1999. Any significant deviation with respect to size, constructional details, loads, stresses, edge or end conditions other than those allowed under the field of direct application in the relevant test method is not covered by this report. Annex A of BS EN 1363-1: 1999, provides guidance information on the application of fire resistance tests and the interpretation of test data.

Because of the nature of fire resistance testing and the consequent difficulty in quantifying the uncertainty of measurement of fire resistance, it is not possible to provide a stated degree of accuracy of the result.





### **Conclusions**

## **Evaluation** against objective

Six specimens of electrical sockets and sealing systems, have been tested to evaluate their ability to reinstate the integrity and insulation performance of a partition wall, when tested utilising the general principles of BS EN 1364-1: 1999 in conjunction with additional guidelines from BS EN 1366-3: 2004.

The evaluation of the specimens against the requirements of BS EN 1364-1: 1999 showed that they satisfied the requirements for the periods shown below.

Specimen	Cotton pad	Sustained flaming	Insulation
A/E	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
B/F	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
С	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
D	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
G	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*
Н	126 minutes*	126 minutes*	126 minutes*

<sup>\*</sup> The test duration. The test was discontinued after a period of 126 minutes.







